



BIO GRIPPER USER MANUAL



SHENZHEN UFACTORY CO., LTD

V 1.6.1

Table

1. General Presentation4
1.1. Gripper Introduction4
1.2. Object Picking5
1.3. Setup and Control5
1.4. Safety5
1.4.1. Warning6
1.4.2. Risk Assessment and Final Application7
1.4.3. Intended Use8
2. Installation9
2.1. Scope of Delivery9
2.1.1. General Kit 10
2.2. Mechanical Installation10
2.3. Electrical Setup12
2.3.1. Pinout Interface12
3. Control14

3.1. Use xArm Studio to Control BIO Gripper	14
3.2. Use Python-SDK to Control BIO Gripper	17
3.3. Use Modbus-TCP Communication Protocol to Control BIO Gripper	17
3.3.1. Modbus-TCP Communication Format	17
3.3.2. Read BIO Gripper Register	18
3.3.3. Write BIO Gripper Register	21
3.3.4. BIO Gripper Control Process	26
3.4. Use Modbus-RTU Communication Protocol to Control BIO Gripper	26
3.4.1. Modbus RTU Communication Format	26
3.4.2. Read BIO Gripper Register	27
3.4.3. Write BIO Gripper Register	28
3.4.4. Modbus RTU Example	29
4. Gripper Error Code & Error Handling	33
5. BIO Gripper Technical Specifications	35
6. After-sales Service	36

1. General Presentation

1.1. Gripper Introduction



BIO Gripper

The xArm BIO Gripper is a gripper designed for liquid handling. It provides fast deployment paired with simple customization and easy programming. The gripper is a multifunctional tool, boasting customized fingertips to provide gripping flexibility.

Main Features of BIO Gripper:

(1) Designed for liquid handling

The gripper stroke is 70-150mm with special designed fingertips which perfectly fit the liquid plate.

(2) Customizable fingertips

Easily customized fingertips enable all sorts of fitting for tubes and plates corresponding to their shapes.

(3) Highly integrated with xArm

As a safe and stable integration, the xArm BIO Gripper is highly compatible with xArm, controlled directly by the IO port at the end of the machine without external cables and connectors.

1.2. Object Picking

The fingers of the BIO Gripper adopt a parallel grasp, Figures are shown below.

The width of the object that the gripper can grasp is: 70-150mm



1.3. Setup and Control

The gripper is powered and controlled directly via a single gripper connection cable that carries a 24V DC supply and Modbus RTU communication over RS-485.

1.4. **Safety**

Warning

The operator must have read and understood all of the instructions in the following manual before handling the BIO Gripper.

Caution

The term "operator" refers to anyone responsible for any of the following

operations on the BIO Gripper:

- Installation
- Control
- Maintenance
- Inspection
- Calibration
- Programming
- Decommissioning

This documentation explains the various components of the BIO Gripper and general operations regarding the whole life-cycle of the product from installation to operation and decommissioning.

The drawings and photos in this documentation are representative examples and differences may exist between them and the delivered product.

1.4.1. Warning

Caution

Any use of the Gripper in noncompliance of these warnings is inappropriate and may cause injury or damage.

Warning

- The Gripper needs to be properly secured before operating the robot.
- Do not install or operate a Gripper that is damaged or lacking parts.
- Never supply the Gripper with an alternative current (AC) source.
- Make sure all cord sets are always secured at both ends, Gripper end & Robot end
- Always satisfy the recommended keying for electrical connections.

• Be sure no one is in the robot and/or gripper path before initializing the robot's routine.

- Always satisfy the gripper payload.
- Set the gripper speed accordingly, based on your application.
- Keep fingers and clothes away from the gripper while the power is on.
- Do not use the gripper on people or animals.

1. 4. 2. **Risk Assessment and Final Application**

The BIO Gripper is meant to be used on an industrial robot. The robot, gripper and any other equipment used in the final application must be evaluated with a risk assessment. The robot integrator must ensure that all local safety measures and regulations are respected. Depending on the application, there may be risks that need additional protection/safety measures, for example, the work-piece the gripper is manipulating may be inherently dangerous to the operator.

1.4.3. Intended Use

The gripper is designed for grasping and temporarily securing or holding objects.

Caution

The Gripper is NOT intended for applying force against objects or surfaces.

The product is intended for installation on a robot or other automated machinery and equipment.

Info

Always comply with local and/or national laws, regulations and directives on automation safety and general machine safety.

The unit may be used only within the range of its technical data. Any other use of the product is deemed improper and unintended use.

UFACTORY will not be liable for any damages resulting from any improper or unintended use.

2. Installation

The following subsections will guide you through the installation and general setup

of BIO Gripper.

- (1) The Scope of Delivery section
- (2) The Mechanical Installation section
- (3) The Electrical Setup section

Warning

Before installing:

Read and understand the safety instructions related to the BIO Gripper.

Verify your package according to the Scope of delivery and your order info.

Have the required parts, equipment and tools listed in the requirements readily

available.

Installing:

Satisfy the environmental conditions.

Do not operate the Gripper, or even turn on the power supply, before it is firmly anchored and the danger zone is cleared.

Caution the fingers of the gripper which may move and cause injury or damage.

2.1. Scope of Delivery

2.1.1. General Kit

A Gripper Kit generally includes these items:

BIO Gripper

BIO Gripper adapter plate

Cross countersunk head screws M6*8 (4)

Cross countersunk head screws M6*10 (2)



2.2. Mechanical Installation

BIO Gripper installation steps (as shown below):

- (1) Fix the BIO Gripper adapter plate to the tool flange of the robotic arm with screws. (Note: The positioning posts on the adapter plate should be aligned with the positioning hole at the end of the robotic arm.)
- (2) Fix the BIO Gripper to the BIO Gripper adapter plate with screws.

(3) Connect the robotic arm and the Gripper with the gripper connection cable.



Note:

- 1. When wiring the gripper connection cable, be sure to power off the robotic arm, the emergency stop button is in the pressed state and the power indicator of the robotic arm is off, so as to avoid robotic arm failure caused by hot plugging;
- 2. When connecting the gripper and the robotic arm, be sure to align the positioning holes at the ends of the gripper and the robotic arm. Since the male pins of the gripper connection cable are relatively thin, avoid bending the male pins during plugging.

2.3. Electrical Setup

Power and communication are established with the BIO Gripper via a single gripper connection cable. The gripper connection cable provides a 24V power supply to the Gripper and enables serial RS485 communication to the robot control box.

Warning

Power must be off before connecting the Gripper and the robotic arm via the gripper connection cable.

2.3.1. Pinout Interface

The BIO Gripper is connected to the tool end of the robotic arm via a 12 pin connector.



Pin sequence	Function
1	24V
2	24V
3	GND
4	GND
5	485-A
6	485-B
7	Digital Input 0
8	Digital Input 1
9	Digital Output 0
10	Digital Output 1
11	No Connect
12	No Connect

3. Control

3.1. Use xArm Studio to Control BIO Gripper

1. Set up BIO Gripper

• Enter [Settings]-[End Effector]

Select the end effector: xArm BIO Gripper

🚱 xArm Studio	- 🗆 X
Window Language Tool Help	
< Settings	Real Robot S T O P
C. Motion	
🔀 End Effector	
	Select an End Effector for the robot
△ TCP ~	xArm Bio Gripper
~ 0\I (0,	Self-Collision Prevention ON
l,∞J Safety ∨	Self-Collision Prevention Model xArm Bio Gripper
Mounting	TCP payload compensation
(<) Timed Tasks	Speed 300
Coordinate System	Note:
	(1) After turns on *TCP Payload Compensation*, the default TCP payload will be changed
⊘E Advanced ∨	to the xArm BIO Gripper.
	(2) Please make sure that the installation method of the xArm BIO Gripper is the same as
System ~	the above figure, otherwise the Self-Collision Prevention function will be abnormal.

1. The opening and closing speed of the gripper can be adjusted.

2. The self-collision prevention model of the gripper can be turned on by clicking the button.

3. When "TCP payload compensation" is turned on, the default TCP payload will be changed to the TCP payload parameter of the gripper.

2. Control BIO Gripper

• Control the BIO gripper in the live control

Control Method:

1) Click the [Enable] button to enable the BIO gripper;

2) By clicking the [Open]/[Close] button, you can control the opening and closing of

🗊 xArm Studio - 🗆 X Window Language Tool Help 🔘 S T O P < Control Real Robot 3 • - 0.2 · + 0 .11 ÷ ÷ .12 - 1.7 • + MANUAL MODE ▼ - 1.7 • + J3 OFF ▼ - -0.1 • + J5 - 0 • + - -0.1 · + J6 Simulated Robot Base Coordinate Position ZERO POSITION INITIAL POSITION X: 188.8 mm Y: 0.8 mm Z: 101.8 mm Speed 54 % Attitude Roll: -180 ° Pitch: 3.5 ° xArm Bio Gripper Yaw: 0.5 °

the gripper.

• Control the BIO gripper through Blockly

BIO_Gripper.Blockly



The role of this program: execute this program to control the gripper to pick the target object at the specified position, and then place the target object at the target position.

Note:

1) When the gripper is installed on the robotic arm, the TCP Payload of the gripper should be set in the Blockly program. When the total weight of the gripper changes after the object is picked, a new TCP Payload needs to be set.

3.2. Use Python-SDK to Control BIO Gripper

For details on controlling Gripper with python-SDK, please refer to the link below: <u>https://github.com/xArm-Developer/xArm-Python-SDK/blob/master/example/wra</u> pper/common/5009-set bio gripper.py

3. 3. Use Modbus-TCP Communication Protocol to Control BIO Gripper



This section mainly explains how to control the BIO Gripper by using the Modbus-TCP protocol through xArm control box.

3. 3. 1. Modbus-TCP Communication Format

Modbus-TCP:

Modbus protocol is an application layer message transmission protocol, including

three message types: ASCII, RTU, and TCP. The standard Modbus protocol physical layer interface includes RS232, RS422, RS485 and Ethernet interfaces, and adopts master / slave communication.

Modbus TCP Communication Process:

- 1. Establish a TCP connection
- 2. Prepare Modbus messages
- 3. Use the send command to send a message
- 4. Waiting for a response under the same connection
- 5. Use the recv command to read the message and complete a data exchange
- 6. When the communication task ends, close the TCP connection

Parameter:

Default TCP Port: 502 Protocol: 0x00 0x02

On the problem of users using communication protocols to organize data in big endian and little endian:

In this article, data analysis is big-endian analysis.

3. 3. 2. Read BIO Gripper Register

3. 3. 2. 1. Register Function

Read Register					
Request					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Length	2 Bytes	6+ N* x2		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08		
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03		
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	Address		
	Quantity of Registers	N*x2 Bytes	N*		
	Respo	onse			
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
MBTP Header	Length	2 Bytes	6+ N* x2		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08		
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03		
	Byte Count	1 Byte	N*x2		
	Registers Value	N*x2 Bytes	Value		

N* = Quantity of Registers

Address = Register Starting Address

Resgister:

	Resgister Starting Address	Registers Value		
Get Gripper status Register	0x0000	Disabled: 0x0000Enabling: 0x00042 BytesStop status: 0x00080x0009Clipping status: 0x000A		

			Error status: 0x000B
			An error occurs:
Get Gripper Error Register 0x000F 2 Byt	2 Bytes	all other return values indicate an error(except 0)	
			No error occurred: 0x0000

3. 3. 2. 2. **Example**

1. Get the BIO Gripper status

Get the BIO Gripper status					
Request					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Length	2 Bytes	0x08		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08		
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03		
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0000		
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Response				
MBTP Header	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Length	2 Bytes	0x0008		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03		
Modbus RTU Data	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02		
	Registers Value (Robotic arm is in motion status)	2 Bytes	0x0009		

2. Get the BIO Gripper Error

Get the BIO Gripper Error						
	Request					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001			
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002			
	Length	2 Bytes	0x08			
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C			
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09			
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08			
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03			
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x000F			
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Response					
MBTP Header	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002			
	Length	2 Bytes	0x0008			
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C			
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00			
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09			
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08			
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03			
Modbus RTU Data	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02			
	Registers Value	2 Bytes	0x0000			
	(No error occurred in the Gripper)					

3. 3. 3. Write BIO Gripper Register

3. 3. 3. 1. Register Function

Write Register				
Request				
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001	
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002	
	Length	2 Bytes	9+ N *x2	
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C	

Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10		
Modbus RTU Data	Register Starting	2 Bytes	Address		
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	N*		
	Byte Count	1 Byte	N*x2		
	Registers Value	N* x2	Value		
Response					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Length	2 Bytes	0x0009		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
Modbus RTU Data	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10		
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	Address		
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	N*		

N* = Quantity of Registers

Address = Register Starting Address

Resgister:

	Resgister Starting Address	Registers Value		
Enable/Disable Gripper Register	0x0100	2 Bytes	Enable : 0x0001 Disable : 0x0000	
Set Gripper Position Register	0x0700	4 Bytes	Open the Gripper : 0x0000 0x0082 Close the Gripper : 0x0000 0x0032	
Set Position Speed Register	0x0303	2 Bytes	0x0100-0x0400 Unit : r/min	
Clear Position Error Register	0x000F	2 Bytes	0x0000	

3. 3. 3. 2. **Example**

1. Enable/Disable BIO Gripper

Enable/Disable BIO Gripper						
Request						
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001			
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002			
	Length	2 Bytes	0x000B			
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C			
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09			
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08			
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10			
Modbus RTU Data	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x0100			
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02			
	Registers Value	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Re	sponse				
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002			
MBTP Header	Length	2 Bytes	0x0009			
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C			
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00			
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09			
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08			
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10			
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x0100			
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001			

2. Set BIO Gripper Speed

Set BIO Gripper Speed					
Request					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Length	2 Bytes	0x000B		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		

	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0303
Modbus RTU Data	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02
	Registers Value(1500r/min)	2 Bytes	0x05DC
	Res	ponse	
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002
MBTP Header	Length	2 Bytes	0x0009
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0303
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001

3. Set BIO Gripper Position

Set BIO Gripper Position					
	R	equest			
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Length	2 Bytes	0x000D		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10		
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x0700		
Modbus RTU Data	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0002		
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x04		
	Registers Value	4 Bytes	0x0000, 0x0082		
	(Open the BIO Gripper)				

Response					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002		
MBTP Header	Length	2 Bytes	0x0009		
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C		
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00		
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09		
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08		
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10		
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x0700		
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0002		

4. Clear BIO Gripper Error

Clear BIO Gripper Error						
	Request					
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001			
MBTP Header	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002			
	Length	2 Bytes	0x000B			
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C			
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09			
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08			
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10			
Modbus RTU Data	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x000F			
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02			
	Registers Value	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Re	sponse				
	Transaction Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0001			
	Protocol Identifier	2 Bytes	0x0002			
MBTP Header	Length	2 Bytes	0x0009			
	Unit Identifier	1 Byte	0x7C			
	Status Value	1 Byte	0x00			
Internal Use	Internal Use	1 Byte	0x09			
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08			
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10			
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x000F			
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001			

3. 3. 4. BIO Gripper Control Process

The complete process of controlling the motion of the BIO Gripper is as follows:

(1) Enable the Gripper

0x00, 0x01, 0x00, 0x02, 0x00, 0x0B, 0x7C, 0x09, 0x08, 0x10, 0x01, 0x00, 0x00, 0x01,

0x02, 0x00, 0x01

(2) Open the Gripper

0x00, 0x01, 0x00, 0x02, 0x00, 0x0D, 0x7C, 0x09, 0x08, 0x10, 0x07, 0x00, 0x00, 0x02,

0x04, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x82

(3) Close the Gripper

0x00, 0x01, 0x00, 0x02, 0x00, 0x0D, 0x7C, 0x09, 0x08, 0x10, 0x07, 0x00, 0x00, 0x02,

0x04, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x32

3. 4. Use Modbus-RTU Communication Protocol to Control BIO Gripper

3. 4. 1. Modbus RTU Communication Format



The gripper defaults to the standard Modbus RTU protocol at a default baud rate is 2Mbps and the slave ID is 0x08. The currently supported function codes are: 0x03 /

0x10. In this article, data analysis is big-endian analysis.

3. 4. 2. Read BIO Gripper Register

Read Register					
	Requ	iest			
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03		
Modbus RTU Data	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	Address		
	Quantity of Register	2 Bytes	N*		
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	CRC*		
	Respo	onse			
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03		
Modbus RTU Data	Byte Count	1 Byte	N*x2		
	Registers Value	N*x2 Bytes	Value		
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	CRC*		

N* = Quantity of Registers

Address = Register Starting Address

CRC* = Cyclic Redundancy Check

Resgister:

	Resgister Starting Address	Register Value				
			Disabled: 0x0000	Enabling: 0x0004		
Get Gripper status Register		2 Bytes	Enabling completed: 0x0008			
	0x0000		Stop status: 0x0008	Motion status: 0x0009		
			Clipping status: 0x000A			
			Error status: 0x000B			
Get Gripper Error	0×000F	2 Bytes	An error occurs:			
Register	0,0001	2 bytes	all other return values	indicate an error(except 0)		

		No error occurred: 0x0000

3. 4. 3. Write BIO Gripper Register

Write Register								
	Request							
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08					
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10					
Modbus RTU	Register Starting	2 Bytes	Address					
Data	Quantity of Register	2 Bytes	N*					
	Byte Count	1 Byte	N*x2					
	Registers Value	N* x2	Value					
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	CRC*					
		Respons	e					
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08					
Modbus RTU	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10					
Data	Register Starting	2 Bytes	Address					
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	N*					
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	CRC*					

N* = Quantity of Registers

Address = Register Starting Address

CRC* = Cyclic Redundancy Check

Resgister:

	Resgister Starting Address		Register Value
Enable/Disable Gripper Register	0x0100	2 Bytes	Enable : 0x0001 Disable : 0x0000
Set Gripper Position Register	0x0700	4 Bytes	Open the Gripper : 0x0000 0x0082 Close the Gripper : 0x0000 0x0032
Set Position Speed Register	0x0303	2 Bytes	0x0100-0x0400 Unit : r/min

Clear Position Error Register	0x000F	2 Bytes	0x0000

3. 4. 4. Modbus RTU Example

This section demonstrates the example given in the Control Logic section when programmed using the Modbus RTU protocol.

Step1: Enable BIO Gripper

Enable BIO Gripper					
		Request			
	Slave ID (Gripper)	1 Byte	0x08		
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10		
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x0100		
Modbus RTU Data	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02		
	Registers Value	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x1D00		
Response					
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08		
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10		
	Register Starting	2 Bytes	0x0100		
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001		
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x00AC		

Step2: Set BIO Gripper Speed

Set BIO Gripper Speed				
Request				
	Slave ID (Gripper) 1 By		0x08	
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10	
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0303	
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001	
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02	

	Registers Value(1500r/min) 2 Bytes		0x05DC
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0xFDFA
	Respo	nse	
Modbus RTU Data	Slave ID 1 Byte		0x08
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0303
	Quantity of Registers 2 Byte		0x0001
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0xF114

Step3: Open BIO Gripper

Open BIO Gripper			
	Reque	est	
	Slave ID (Gripper) 1 Byte		0x08
	Function Code 1 Byte		0x10
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0700
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0002
Modbus RTU Data	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x04
	Registers Value (Open the BIO Gripper)	4 Bytes	0x0000, 0x0082
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x7B62
Response			
	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0700
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0002
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x4025

Read the Gripper status until it is in a stopped status.

Get the BIO Gripper status				
	Request			
	Slave ID (Gripper) 1 Byte		0x08	
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03	
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0000	
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001	
	Modbus CRC16 2 Bytes		0x8493	
Response				

Modbus RTU Data	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03
	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x02
	Registers Value		
	(Robotic arm is in stop statu)	2 Bytes	0x0000
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x6445

Step4: Close BIO Gripper

Close BIO Gripper				
	Requ	est		
	Slave ID (Gripper) 1 Byt		0x08	
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10	
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0700	
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0002	
Modbus RTU Data	Byte Count	1 Byte	0x04	
	Registers Value (Close the BIO Gripper)	4 Bytes	0x0000, 0x0032	
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x7AD6	
	Response			
Modbus RTU Data	Slave ID	1 Byte	0x08	
	Function Code	1 Byte	0x10	
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0700	
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0002	
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x4025	

Read the Gripper status until it is in a stopped status.

Get the BIO Gripper status				
	Reque	est		
	Slave ID (Gripper) 1 Byte		0x08	
Modbus RTU Data	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03	
	Register Starting Address	2 Bytes	0x0000	
	Quantity of Registers	2 Bytes	0x0001	
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x8493	
Response				
Modbus RTU Data	Modbus RTU Data Slave ID 1 Byte 0x08			

	Function Code	1 Byte	0x03
Byte Count		1 Byte	0x02
	Registers Value	2 Bytes	0x0000
	(Robotic arm is in stop statu)		
	Modbus CRC16	2 Bytes	0x6445

4. Gripper Error Code & Error Handling

The user can re-power on the robotic arm as an error handling, the steps are as follows (re-power on need to perform all the following steps):

1. Re-powering the robotic arm via the emergency stop button on the control box.

2. Enable robotic arm.

a. xArm Studio enable mode: Click the guide button of the error pop-up

window or the 'STOP' red button in the upper right corner.

b. xArm-Python-SDK enable mode: Refer to Alarm Handling Mode.

c. xArm_ROS library: users can view related documents at

https://github.com/xArm-Developer/xarm_ros

3. Re-enable the gripper.

Error Code	Error Description	Error Handling
0x0B	Gripper overcurrent	Gripper current is too large Please click "OK" to re-enable the Gripper
0x0C	The gripping object falls off	The gripping object falls off Please place the gripping object and clear the error, set the 0x000F register to 0.
If the problen team for supp	n remains unsolve	d after power on/off for multiple times, please contact UFACTORY

xArm-Python-SDK Error Handling:

When designing the robotic arm motion path with the Python library, if the robotic arm error (see Appendix for Alarm information) occurs, then it needs to be cleared manually. After clearing the error, the robotic arm should be motion enabled.

Python library error clearing steps: (Please check GitHub for details on the following interfaces)

- a. Eerror clearing: clean_error()
- b. Re-enable the robotic arm: motion_enable(true)
- c. Set the motion statu: set_statu(0)

5. **BIO Gripper Technical**

Specifications

BIO Gripper			
Rated Supply Voltage	24V DC		
Absolute Maximum Supply Voltage	28V DC		
Static Power Consumption (Minimum Power Consumption)	0.96W		
Peak Current	1.5A		
Weight	760g		
Maximum Gripping Force	20N		
Stroke	70-150mm		
Communication Mode	RS-485		
Communication Protocol	Modbus RTU		
Programmable Gripping Specification	Speed Control		
Status Indication	Working Status, Power		
Feedback	Drop Detection, Pick-up Detection		

6. After-sales Service

1. After-sales policy:

For the detailed after-sales policy of the product, see the official website: https://store-ufactory-cc.myshopify.com/pages/warranty-returns

2. The general process of after-sales service is:

(1) Contact UFACTORY technical support (support@ufactory.cc) to confirm whether the product needs to repair and which part should be send back to UFACTORY.

(2) After bill of lading on UPS, we will send the invoice and label to you by mail. You need to make an appointment with the local UPS and then send the product to us.

(3) UFACTORY will check the product warranty status according to the after-sales policy.

(4) Generally, the process takes around 1-2 weeks except for shipment.

Note:

1. When you need to send the product back to get repaired, please pack the product with the box to protect the product during transportation.